form of gross capital formation is -estimated at Rs. 3104 crores for the year 1989-90 for which the latest published figures are available.

(b) The Government of India made available a subsidy of Rs. 5185 crores through fertiliser to the agriculture sector in 1991-92. On food, the subsidy Was Rs. 2850 crores in 1991-92 which was paid to the Food Corporation of India. The subsidy on electricity and irrigation for which published figures are available for the latest year 1989-90 is Rs. 646 crores and Rs. 3509 crores respectively.

Licensing of Dairy industry

3318. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVA-JI. Will the Minister of AGRICUL TURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Milk and' Dairy products industry which was ilicensed is again brought under licensed category; and

(b) if so what are the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI K. C. LENKA): (a) and (b) The Government has, with a view to maintain and increase supply of liquid milk of desired quality in the interests of the general public, issued the Milk and Milk Products Order on 9th June, 1992 for regulating the production, supply and distribution of milk and milk product under the provisions of the Essential Commodities Act. 1955.

Import of maize through NAFED

3319. DR. YELAMANCH1LI SIVA-JI. Will the Minister of AGRICUL TURE be pleased to state:

(a) was it a fact that maize was imported through "NAFED" to meet the demand of poultry farmers during 1988-89, if so, what was the quantity imported and at what price and how it was distributed;

(b) whether there were any complaints in this regard, if so. what are the details thereof;

(c) whether these complaints were examined; and

(d) if so, with what effect indicating the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI MULLAPPALLY RAMA-CHANDRAN): (a) 2 lakh metric tonnes of maize received as donation from U.S.A. during the year 1988-89 was handled and distributed by NAFED.

Freight charges amounting to US 9.05 million were borne by the Government of India.

60 per cent of the donated maize was earmarked for poultry sector.

Maize was distributed at Rs. 1700/-per metric tonne through agencies nominated by the respective State Governments.

In -addition, 0.78 lakh metric tonnes of maize valued at US $ 10.15 million was imported by NAFED on commercial basis from "Argentina for supply to poultry farmers and other consumers. This quantity was sold by NAFED on commercial terms. The sale price varied from Rs. 2190 to Rs. 2700/- per metric tonne.

(b) to (d) Major complaint related to sale of maize by NAFED to Bharat Krishak Samaj (BKS) and fcig traders. This complaint was enquired into and the Enquiry Officer concluded that NAFED had taken adequate precautions to lay the responsibility on B.K.S. to allot imported maize only to its farmer members. Further, there appeared to be no malafide or culpable negligence on the part of NAFED in affecting the sale of commercial maize to B.K.S.

The other complaint regarding delivery of maize to the farmers and regarding disproportionate release of quota pertained to the perform-